Overview of EFA Review in Asia Pacific

MIN BISTA
UNESCO BANGKOK
What Gets Measured Gets Done
Process of EFA Review

- Government led process
- National coordinating bodies to coordinate the review activities
- Technical teams consisting of national experts, Ministry officials, development partners and CSOs
- National consultation meetings, workshops
- Provincial consultation meetings
- Use of existing national data and secondary information
- Limited studies to gather primary data
- Dissemination meetings (planned)
  - Strong sense of national and international reporting obligations
Technical Support

- UNESCO Technical guidelines (sent to countries on 5 July 2013)
- First technical workshop, November 2013
- Onsite technical support as requested by countries
- Establishment of a helpdesk
- Online access of review support materials
- Mobilization of teams of reviewers from the region
- Guidelines for reviewing the national EFA reports developed and shared
- Technical review by experts
- Written feedback to countries
- Second technical workshop, April 2014
Constraints under which reviews were undertaken

- Capacity constraints
- Time constraints
- Data constraints
- Financial constraints
Process of Reviewing EFA Reports

- Review guidelines/checklists prepared
- General reviewing and statistical reviewing
- 54 reviewers from UNESCO, UNICEF, EFA partners
Number of countries conducting the review/preparing reports: 40

- **East Asia (5 out of 5 countries):** China, DPRK, Japan, Mongolia, ROK.
- **South East Asia (11 out of 11 countries):** Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao PDR, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Viet Nam
- **South and West Asia (9 out of 10 countries):** Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Islamic Republic of Iran, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka
- **Central Asia: (2 out of 4 countries):** Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan
- **Pacific (13 out of 16 countries):** Australia, Cook Islands, Fiji, Kiribati, Marshall Islands, Nauru, New Zealand, Niue, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Tuvalu, Vanuatu
Number of reports received: 28

- **East Asia (3 countries)** Democratic People’s Republic of Korea, Mongolia, Republic of Korea
- **South East Asia (9 countries):** Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao PDR, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Thailand, Singapore
- **South and West Asia (6 countries):** Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Iran, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka
- **Central Asia (2 countries):** Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan
- **Pacific (8 countries):** Cook Islands, Fiji, Marshall Islands, Nauru, Niue, Samoa, Tuvalu, Vanuatu
Number of reports reviewed: 19

- **East Asia (2 countries)** Democratic People’s Republic of Korea, Republic of Korea
- **South East Asia (7 countries):** Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao PDR, Myanmar, Thailand, Singapore
- **South and West Asia (5 countries):** Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka
- **Central Asia (2 countries):** Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan
- **Pacific (3 countries):** Fiji, Marshall Islands, Samoa
Number of reports on the way: 12

- **East Asia (2 countries):** China, Japan
- **South East Asia (2 countries):** Timor-Leste, Viet Nam
- **South Asia (3 countries):** Bhutan, India, Maldives
- **Pacific (5 countries):** Australia, Kiribati, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea, Solomon Islands,
Countries participating in the workshop: 25

- **East Asia (4 out of 5 countries):** China, DPRK, Mongolia, ROK
- **South East Asia (9 out of 11 countries):** Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Lao PDR, Indonesia, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Thailand, Viet Nam
- **South and West Asia (8 out of 10 countries):** Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Islamic Republic of Iran, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka
- **Central Asia: (2 out of 4 countries):** Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan
- **Pacific (2 countries out of 16 countries):** Cook Islands, Fiji
Thank you!